

## **Consolidated Financial Results**

Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2023

(April 1, 2022 - March 31, 2023)

May 12, 2023

DAIFUKU CO., LTD.



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# **Financial Highlights**

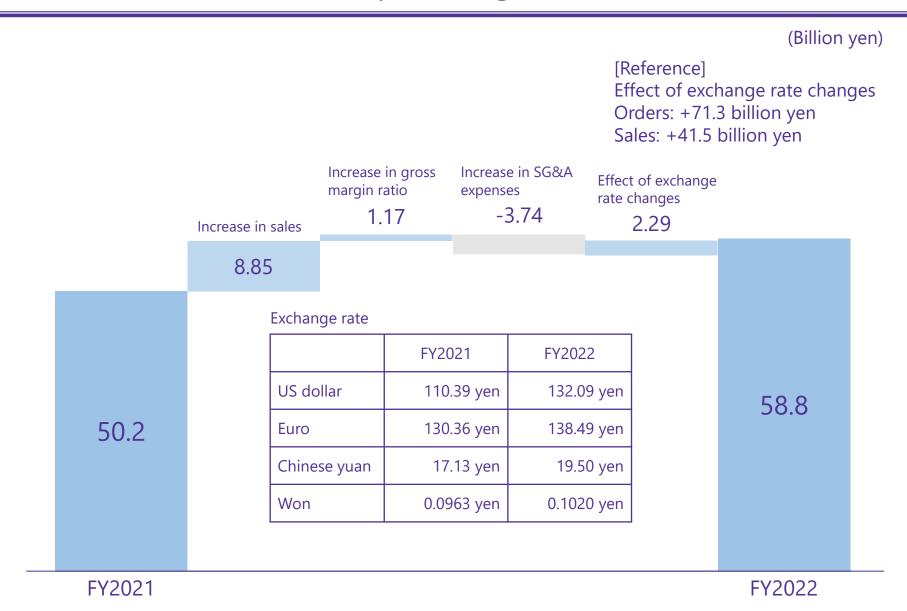
Bil	lion	yen)

		FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change	Y/Y rate
Orders		589.0	737.4	+148.4	+25.2%
Sales		512.2	601.9	+89.6	+17.5%
Operating income		50.2	58.8	+8.6	+17.1%
	Operating margin	9.8%	9.8%	_	_
Ordinar	y income	51.2	59.7	+8.5	+16.6%
	me attributable to ders of the parent	35.8	41.2	+5.3	+15.0%
Compre	hensive income	46.3	53.5	+7.1	+15.5%
Net income per share*1		94.90 yen	109.11 yen	+14.20 yen	_
ROIC*2		11.0%	12.6%	+1.6 pts.	
WACC		5.6%	7.3%	+1.7 pts.	

- Orders, sales, and income reached new record highs.
- (Reference) As a result of exchange rate movements, orders increased by about 71.3 billion yen, sales by about 41.5 billion yen, and operating income by about 2.2 billion yen, respectively, compared with the previous fiscal year.

- \*1 The Company conducted a three-for-one split of its common stock effective April 1, 2023. Net income per share is calculated, assuming that the stock split was conducted at the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 2022.
- \*2 ROIC = (operating income x(1 effective tax rate)) / (shareholders' equity + interest-bearing liabilities)

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	· ,									
	(Orders fr	Orders rom external co	ustomers)	(Sales t	Net sales o external cust		Segment income (Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company)			
	FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change	FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change	FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change	
Daifuku	262.4	293.1	+30.6	225.0	238.8	+13.7	28.6	34.0	+5.4	
Contec	19.6	19.2	-0.3	15.7	18.6	+2.8	1.2	0.9	-0.2	
Daifuku North America	135.1	211.0	+75.8	140.4	158.7	+18.2	7.5	6.1	-1.3	
Clean Factomation	36.7	48.1	+11.3	28.6	42.6	+14.0	2.0	2.9	+0.8	
Other	134.9	165.8	+30.8	104.8	140.9	+36.0	3.7	5.6	+1.9	
Consolidated adjustment and other	_	_	_	-2.5	2.0	+4.6	-7.3	-8.5	-1.2	
Total	589.0	737.4	+148.4	512.2	601.9	+89.6	35.8	41.2	+5.3	

- ✓ Daifuku:

  Orders and sales were positive in all businesses.
- ✓ Daifuku North America:
   Orders increased in all businesses.
   Sales were favorable, underpinned by the order backlog from the previous year-end.
- ✓ Clean Factomation:
   Orders and sales increased on robust investment by semiconductor manufacturers.

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(Billion yen)

				March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	Change
	С	urre	ent assets	381.3	433.1	+51.8
			sh on hand and panks	118.7	102.7	-16.0
	Notes and accounts receivable Inventories Other			208.9	250.0	+41.1
			entories	41.2	66.0	+24.8
			ner	12.3	14.2	+1.8
	N	on-	current assets	102.0	118.4	+16.3
			perty, plant and uipment	55.2	65.0	+9.8
		Int	angible assets	10.7	11.4	+0.7
			Goodwill	3.9	3.8	-0.1
			Other	6.7	7.6	+0.8
			estments and er assets	36.0	41.9	+5.8
Т	ota	al a	ssets	483.3	551.5	+68.2

			•	
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2023	Change
	Current liabilities	173.6	202.8	+29.1
	Notes and accounts payable	76.1	94.0	+17.9
	Short-term borrowings	22.4	10.3	-12.0
	Other	75.0	98.3	+23.3
	Non-current liabilities	17.6	16.4	-1.2
	Long-term borrowings	3.9	1.1	-2.8
	Other	13.7	15.3	+1.6
T	otal Liabilities	191.2	219.2	+27.9
	Shareholders' equity	279.2	308.2	+28.9
	Common stock	31.8	31.8	_
	Retained earnings	227.6	256.8	+29.2
	Other	19.7	19.4	-0.2
	Accumulated other comprehensive income	11.5	23.7	+12.2
	Non-controlling interests	1.2	0.2	-0.9
To	otal net assets	292.0	332.3	+40.2
	otal liabilities nd net assets	483.3	551.5	+68.2

✓ Total assets:

Increased ¥68.2 billion

[Factors]

Increase: ¥41.1 billion in notes and accounts receivables, ¥24.8 billion in inventories

Decrease: -¥16.0 billion in cash

on hand and in banks

✓ Liabilities:

- Increased ¥27.9 billion

  [Factors]
  Increase: ¥17.9 billion in notes and accounts payable, ¥23.2 billion in contract liabilities
  Decrease: -¥14.8 billion in shortterm borrowings and long-term borrowings (combined total)
- ✓ Net assets:

   Increased ¥40.2 billion
   [Factors]
   Increase: ¥29.2 billion in retained earnings, ¥11.6 billion in foreign currency translation adjustments

	FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change
Cash flows from operating activities	56.6	20.0	-36.6
Cash flows from investing activities	-9.8	-11.8	-2.0
Free cash flows	46.8	8.1	-38.7
Cash flows from financing activities	-27.5	-30.1	-2.6
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	4.8	5.7	+0.8
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	24.1	-16.2	-40.4
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	94.0	118.6	+24.5
Cash and cash equivalents resulting from change in scope of consolidation	0.4	_	-0.4
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	118.6	102.3	-16.2

✓ Cash provided by operating activities: ¥20.0 billion

[Factors]

Income before income taxes: ¥55.0 billion Increase in notes and accounts

receivables and contract assets: -¥31.6 billion

✓ Cash used in investing activities: ¥11.8 billion

[Factors]

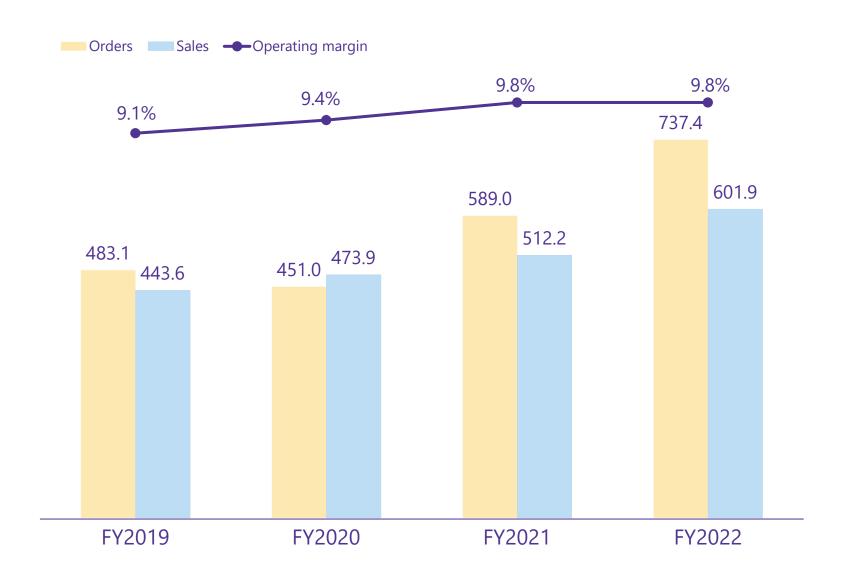
Payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment: -¥13.7 billion

✓ Cash used in financing activities: ¥30.1 billion

[Factors]

Payment of cash dividends: -¥11.9 billion

Repayment of long-term borrowings: -¥15.9 billion



			FY2	019	FY2	020	FY2	021	FY2	.022	_
Reg	ion		Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Y/Y change
Japa	an		170.0	35.2%	152.5	33.8%	220.5	37.4%	231.4	31.4%	+10.9
Nor	n-Japan		313.1	64.8%	298.5	66.2%	368.5	62.6%	506.0	68.6%	+137.4
	North	America	140.5	29.1%	120.5	26.7%	131.1	22.3%	200.5	27.2%	+69.3
	Asia		152.1	31.5%	144.6	32.1%	204.6	34.8%	255.3	34.6%	+50.6
		China	58.3	12.1%	55.2	12.2%	63.1	10.7%	94.2	12.8%	+31.0
		South Korea	39.2	8.1%	45.0	10.0%	57.8	9.8%	60.7	8.2%	+2.9
		Taiwan	42.4	8.8%	34.0	7.6%	56.5	9.6%	68.4	9.3%	+11.8
		Other	12.0	2.5%	10.3	2.3%	27.1	4.6%	31.8	4.3%	+4.7
	Europ	e	9.4	2.0%	16.2	3.6%	17.6	3.0%	15.6	2.1%	-1.9
	Latin A	America	0.9	0.2%	2.6	0.6%	3.0	0.5%	12.6	1.7%	+9.6
	Other		9.9	2.0%	14.5	3.2%	12.0	2.0%	21.7	3.0%	+9.7
Tota	al		483.1	100.0%	451.0	100.0%	589.0	100.0%	737.4	100.0%	+148.4

- ✓ North America: Orders increased in all businesses. In particular, orders for automotive systems and airport systems remained strong.
- ✓ Asia: Orders were driven by cleanroom systems.

			FY2	019	FY2	020	FY2	021	FY2022		
Reg	Region		Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Y/Y change
Japa	an		155.0	34.9%	163.9	34.6%	182.7	35.5%	197.2	32.9%	+14.4
Nor	n-Japan		288.6	65.1%	309.9	65.4%	332.0	64.5%	402.5	67.1%	+70.4
	North	America	99.6	22.5%	138.9	29.3%	136.7	26.6%	152.1	25.4%	+15.4
	Asia		163.4	36.8%	144.0	30.4%	164.3	31.8%	210.2	35.1%	+45.9
		China	70.2	15.8%	59.5	12.6%	57.2	11.1%	60.8	10.2%	+3.6
		South Korea	43.5	9.8%	43.3	9.2%	46.5	9.0%	60.0	10.0%	+13.5
		Taiwan	37.1	8.4%	30.5	6.5%	49.0	9.5%	58.7	9.8%	+9.6
		Other	12.5	2.8%	10.4	2.1%	11.4	2.2%	30.5	5.1%	+19.0
	Europ	e	9.2	2.1%	13.3	2.8%	15.8	3.1%	17.2	2.9%	+1.4
	Latin A	America	6.2	1.4%	4.1	0.9%	5.2	1.0%	6.2	1.0%	+1.0
	Other		9.9	2.3%	9.3	2.0%	9.9	2.0%	16.6	2.7%	+6.6
Sub	Subtotal		_	_	_	_	514.8	100.0%	599.8	100.0%	+84.9
Con		ed adjustment and	_	_	_	_	-2.5	_	2.0	_	+4.6
Tota	<del></del>		443.6	100.0%	473.9	100.0%	512.2	_	601.9	_	+89.6

- ✓ Japan, Asia:
   Sales were driven by cleanroom systems.
- ✓ North America: Sales were positive, underpinned by the order backlog from the previous year-end.

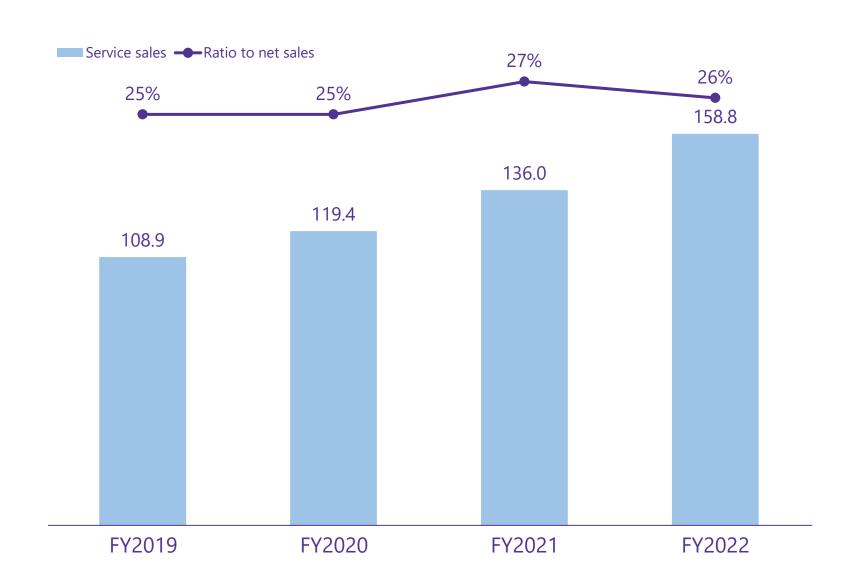
	FY2	2019	FY2020		FY2	FY2021		FY2022	
Industry	Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Orders	Composition	Y/Y change
Automobile, auto parts	89.9	18.6%	49.0	10.9%	57.5	9.8%	89.7	12.2%	+32.2
Electronics	146.2	30.3%	129.5	28.7%	233.4	39.6%	271.4	36.8%	+37.9
Commerce, retail	94.5	19.6%	136.3	30.2%	156.9	26.6%	187.9	25.5%	+31.0
Transportation, warehousing	27.4	5.7%	23.3	5.2%	30.6	5.2%	28.8	3.9%	-1.8
Machinery	11.1	2.3%	12.0	2.7%	8.0	1.4%	11.5	1.6%	+3.5
Chemicals, pharmaceuticals	18.4	3.8%	13.9	3.1%	22.2	3.8%	33.0	4.5%	+10.8
Food	17.0	3.5%	17.3	3.8%	16.1	2.7%	17.2	2.3%	+1.0
Iron, steel, nonferrous metals	5.4	1.1%	3.7	0.8%	5.2	0.9%	5.4	0.7%	+0.2
Precision equipment, printing, office equipment	7.6	1.6%	6.1	1.4%	5.4	0.9%	6.1	0.8%	+0.6
Airport	47.6	9.9%	46.0	10.2%	33.2	5.7%	62.3	8.4%	+29.0
Other	17.5	3.6%	13.3	3.0%	20.0	3.4%	23.7	3.3%	+3.6
Total	483.1	100.0%	451.0	100.0%	589.0	100.0%	737.4	100.0%	+148.4
<del>-</del>									

- ✓ Automobile, auto parts; airport: Orders increased significantly in North America.
- ✓ Electronics:
   Orders reflected the continued robust investment of semiconductor manufacturers in Asia.

	FY2	019	FY2	020	FY2	021	FY2	2022	Y/Y change
Industry	Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Sales	Composition	Y/Y change
Automobile, auto parts	68.4	15.4%	80.1	16.9%	59.0	11.5%	65.4	10.9%	+6.4
Electronics	144.1	32.5%	137.0	28.9%	151.3	29.4%	215.7	36.0%	+64.3
Commerce, retail	86.2	19.4%	115.5	24.4%	155.1	30.1%	160.9	26.8%	+5.7
Transportation, warehousing	28.5	6.4%	23.5	5.0%	32.8	6.4%	30.4	5.1%	-2.4
Machinery	13.5	3.1%	11.2	2.4%	11.5	2.2%	10.3	1.7%	-1.2
Chemicals, pharmaceuticals	15.3	3.4%	18.3	3.9%	17.6	3.4%	24.6	4.1%	+7.0
Food	13.1	3.0%	17.7	3.7%	20.0	3.9%	15.7	2.6%	-4.3
Iron, steel, nonferrous metals	5.3	1.2%	4.4	0.9%	3.5	0.7%	4.8	0.8%	+1.2
Precision equipment, printing, office equipment	11.4	2.6%	8.7	1.8%	6.2	1.2%	6.4	1.1%	+0.1
Airport	41.9	9.5%	41.2	8.7%	43.7	8.5%	46.1	7.7%	+2.4
Other	15.3	3.5%	15.8	3.4%	13.6	2.7%	19.0	3.2%	+5.4
Subtotal	443.6	100.0%	473.9	100.0%	514.8	100.0%	599.8	100.0%	+84.9
Consolidated adjustment and other	_	_	_	_	-2.5	_	2.0	_	+4.6
Total	443.6	_	473.9	_	512.2	_	601.9	_	+89.6

✓ Electronics:

Sales reflected the continued robust investment of semiconductor manufacturers in Asia.



✓ Y/Y change: +¥22.8 billion (Y/Y rate: +16.8%)

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Y/Y change
	Short-term	11.7	15.5	22.4	10.3	-12.0
	Long-term	21.6	19.6	3.9	1.1	-2.8
Tot	al	33.4	35.1	26.3	11.4	-14.8
D/I	E ratio* (times)	0.14	0.14	0.09	0.03	-
Fix	ed cost	117.6	117.4	119.7	138.6	+18.8
	Personnel expenses	80.2	83.1	88.1	100.4	+12.3
	ployees ar-end)	10,863	11,697	12,436	13,020	+584
	Outside Japan	7,312	8,045	8,643	9,059	+416

<sup>\*</sup>Debt-Equity ratio = interest-bearing liabilities / shareholders' equity (year-end)





✓ Net assets: Favorable growth

				332.3
Net assets	237.3	262.0	292.0	
<b>→</b> D/E ratio	0.14 times	0.14 times	0.09 times	0.03 times
	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022

			FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022
ROE*		•	12.4%	13.2%	13.1%	13.2%
		1) Return on sales	6.32%	6.83%	7.00%	6.85%
		2) Total asset turnover (times)	1.08	1.11	1.10	1.16
		3) Financial leverage (times)	1.76	1.73	1.66	1.66

✓ ROE: Secure 10% or higher (three-year business plan target)

\*ROE = net income / shareholders' equity (average of beginning and end of year) × 100

= 1) Return on sales  $\times$  2) Total asset turnover  $\times$  3) Financial leverage =

Net income

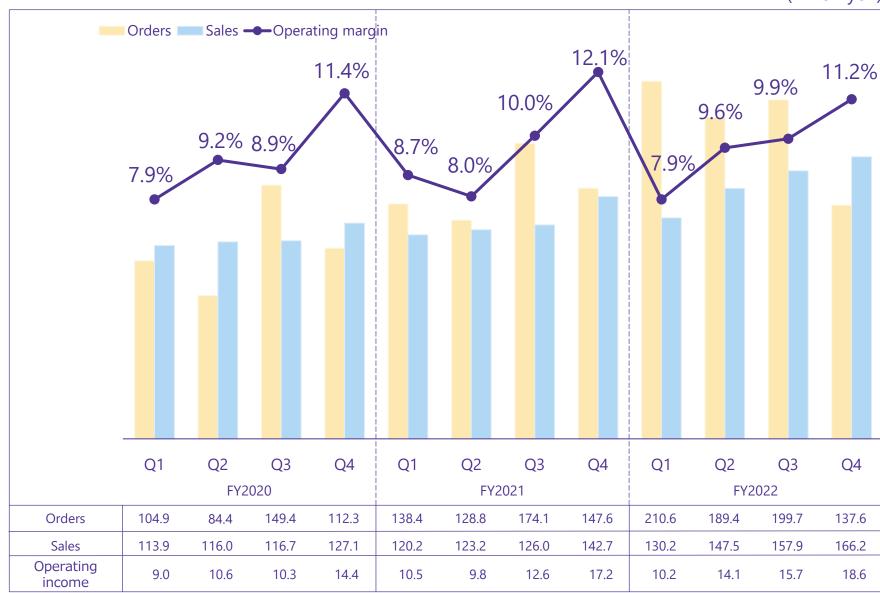
Sales

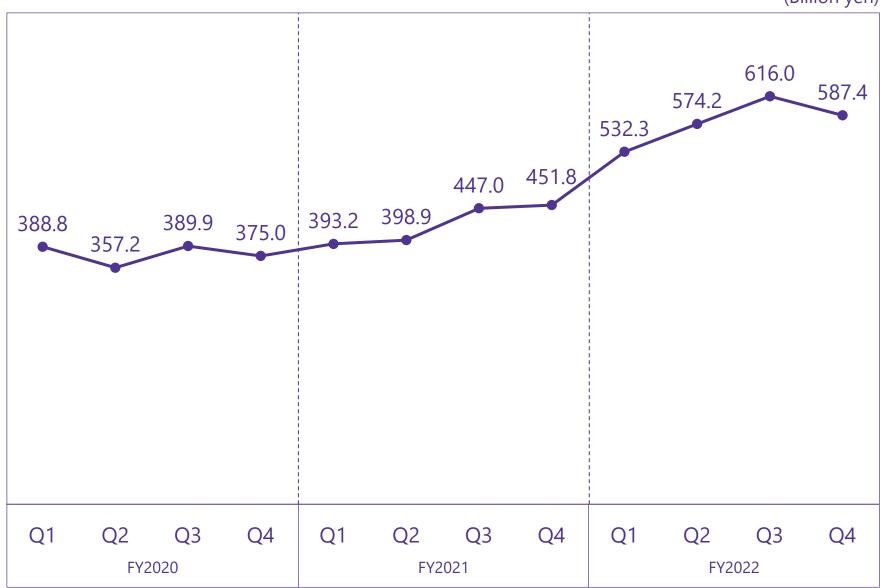
Total assets
(average of beginning and end of year)

Total assets
(end of year)

Equity
(end of year)

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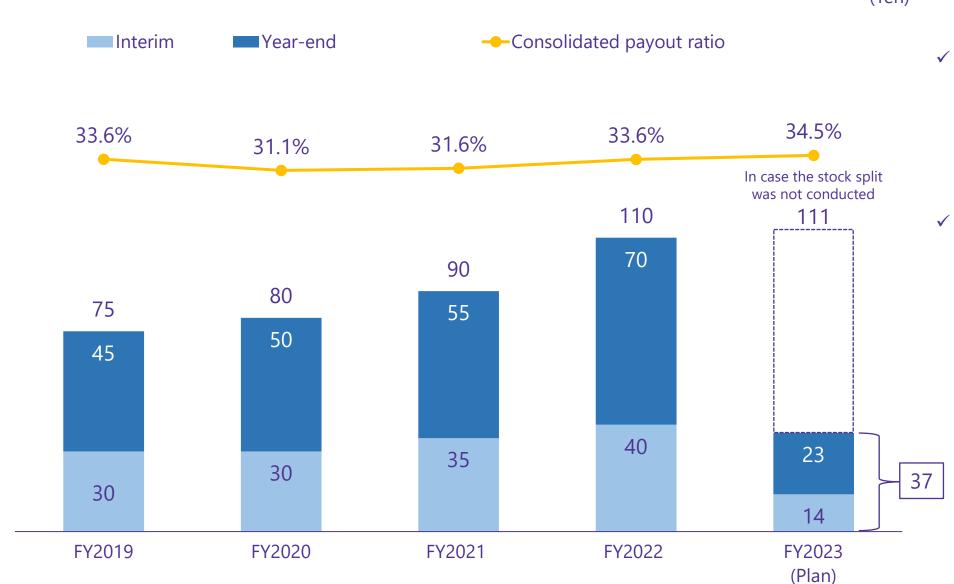
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# **Earnings Forecast**

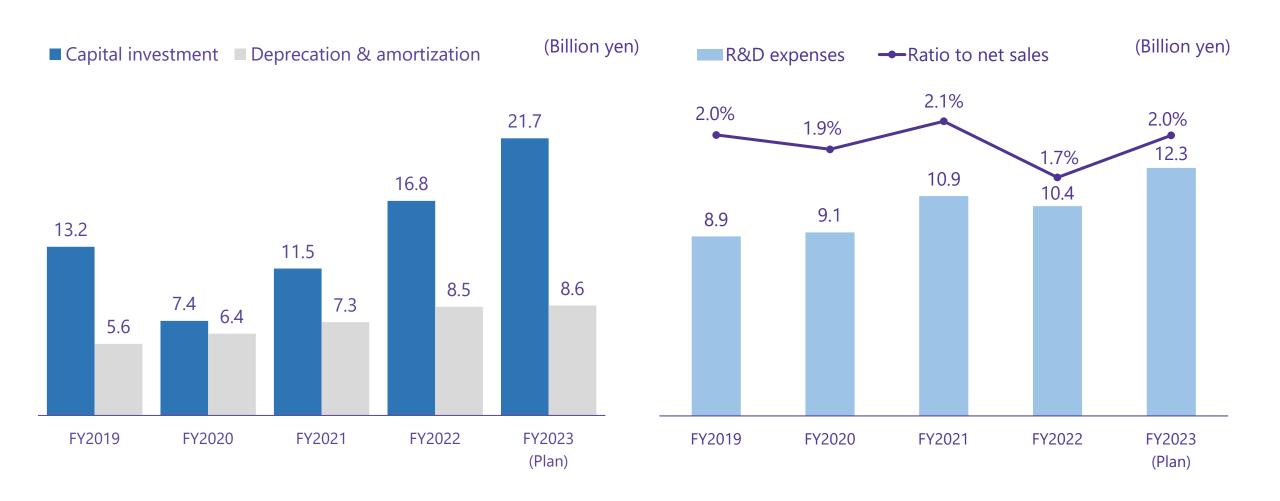
		FY2022	FY2023		FY2023				
		H1	H1 (Forecast)	Y/Y change	Y/Y rate	FY2022	FY (Forecast)	Y/Y change	Y/Y rate
Orders		400.1	325.0	-75.1	-18.8%	737.4	630.0	-107.4	-14.6%
Net sale	S	277.7	285.0	+7.2	+2.6%	601.9	605.0	+3.0	+0.5%
Operatir	ng income	24.4	23.0	-1.4	-6.0%	58.8	54.5	-4.3	-7.4%
	Operating margin	8.8%	8.1%	-0.7 pts.	_	9.8%	9.0%	-0.8 pts.	_
Ordinary	y income	24.8	23.5	-1.3	-5.6%	59.7	55.5	-4.2	-7.1%
	ome attributable to Iders of the parent y	17.0	16.5	-0.5	-3.0%	41.2	40.5	-0.7	-1.8%
Net inco	ome per share *	45.00 yen	43.64 yen	-1.36 yen	_	109.11 yen	107.13 yen	-1.98 yen	_

<sup>\*</sup>The Company conducted a three-for-one split of its common stock effective April 1, 2023. Net income per share is calculated, assuming that the stock split was conducted at the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 2023.

(Yen)



- ✓ For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the Company will pay a year-end dividend of 70 yen per share, up 5 yen from the initial plan.
- ✓ The Company conducted a threefor-one split of its common stock effective April 1, 2023. The dividend forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024 takes into account the effect of the stock split.



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# **Topics**

## Revision of the Daifuku Environmental Vision 2050

We have revised the Daifuku Environmental Vision 2050 (hereafter the "Vision"), which was announced in February 2021. This revision further clarifies the Daifuku Group's goal by dictating the aim to realize a world where material handling systems operate with zero environmental impact by 2050. Regarding the crucial issue areas, we have incorporated a perspective on natural capital to the existing Vision and established three themes: addressing climate change, promoting resource recycling, and coexisting with nature.

We have set our CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction target to the 1.5°C global warming limit required by the Paris Agreement, and we have submitted these targets to the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi). We aim to receive approval from the SBTi by the end of fiscal 2023.

Details: Daifuku Sustainability Site <a href="https://www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/management">www.daifuku.com/sustainability/environment/management</a>

#### **Environmental Goals for 2030**

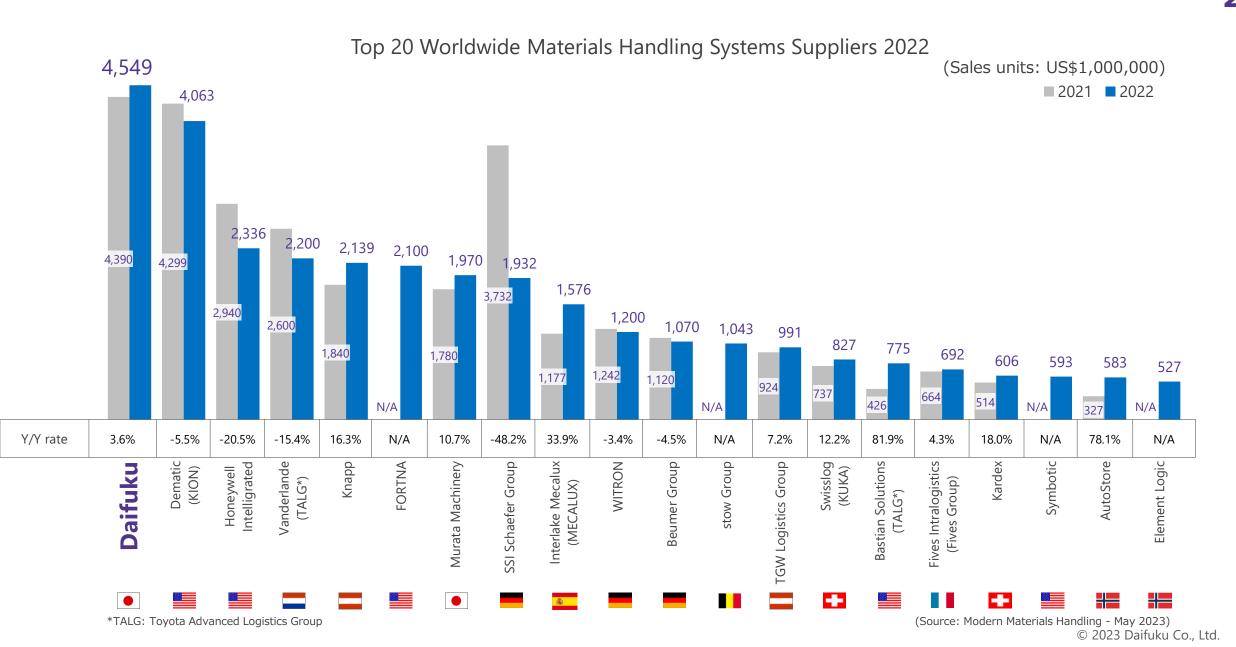
Crucial Issue Areas		Key Performance Indicators	Targets	
		Daifuku CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (Scopes 1 + 2)	<b>50.4</b> % reduction (compared to FY2018)	
CO <sub>2</sub>	Addressing Climate Change	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from purchased goods and services (Scope 3 Category 1)	<b>30</b> % reduction* <sup>1</sup> (compared to FY2018)	
		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from the use of sold products (Scope 3 Category 11)		
	Promoting Resource Recycling	Landfill disposal rate	Less than 1%	
		Water use intensity*2	<b>30</b> % reduction (compared to FY2018)	
	Coexisting with Nature	Rate of implementation of biodiversity conservation activities at major sites*3	100%	
	Coexisting with Nature	Sustainability Action*4 total annual number of participants	<b>30,000</b> people	

<sup>\*1</sup> Scope 3 Category 1 and Category 11 combined target

<sup>\*3</sup> Sites with 100 or more employees

<sup>\*2</sup> Water consumption (1,000 m<sup>3</sup>) divided by net sales (100 million yen) \*4 Daifuku's unique program for sustainability awareness and training





# DAIFUKU

## **Automation that Inspires**

#### **Cautionary Statement with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements**

The strategies, beliefs and plans related to future business performance as described in this document are not established facts. They are business prospects based on the assumptions and beliefs of the management team judging from the most current information, and therefore, these prospects are subject to potential risks and uncertainties. Due to various crucial factors, actual results may differ materially from these forward-looking statements. These crucial factors that may adversely affect performance include 1) consumer trends and economic conditions in the Daifuku Group's operating environment; 2) the effect of yen exchange rates on sales, assets and liabilities denominated in U.S. dollars and other currencies; 3) the tightening of laws and regulations regarding safety and other matters that may lead to higher costs or sales restrictions; and 4) the impact of natural disasters and intentional threats, war, acts of terrorism, strikes, and plagues. Moreover, there are other factors that may adversely affect the Group's performance.